Asse	essment details			
Asses	ssment area	Local Scheme for Support for Council Tax 2025/26		
Date	of assessment	November 2024		
Direc	ctorate and Service	Strategic (Internal) / Revenues and Benefits		
Mana	ager	Heather Gaynor		
Offic	er conducting assessment	Sarah Martin		
Step	1: Scoping the assessment			
1	What are the aims and objectives of the activity or proposal?	The Council Tax Reduction scheme replaced Council Tax Benefit with effect from 1 April 2013. Under the Council Tax Reduction provisions, the scheme for pensioners is determined by Central Government and the scheme for working age applicants is determined by the Council. Pensioners broadly receive the same level of support that was previously available under the Council Tax Benefit scheme. Small changes were made to the working age applicants scheme between 2013 to 2018 by increasing the minimum amount towards their Council Tax liability to 20% and if a person is self-employed, a minimum income floor may be imposed where a person's income is less than expected after two years of trading, this could be based on 35 hours x National Living Wage. (There are some exemptions to this) The scheme has also been amended each year for general changes in applicable amounts (primarily in relation to disability premiums) and for non-dependant deductions. In view of the problems being experienced with Universal Credit, the Council Tax Reduction scheme for Dartford has been fundamentally redesigned to: a) Address the problems posed by full service Universal Credit and the inevitable increase in administration costs due to the high level of changes received in respect of Universal Credit; b) Simplify the claiming process for all applicants; c) Improve the speed of processing;		

- d) Maximise entitlement to every applicant, and
- e) Maintain council tax collection rates.

Work was undertaken in 2018 on a new scheme which after consultation was accepted by Council and implemented from 2019/20. We have rolled this scheme forward each year. The new scheme had a number of features as follows:

- a) The overall expenditure (cost) of the scheme will remain broadly as at present;
- b) The changes can only be made to the working age schemes as the current scheme for pensioners is prescribed by Central Government;
- c) The current means tested scheme will be replaced by a simple income grid model;
- d) It is recommended that the highest level of discount will be set at the current maximum level of liability (80%) and all current applicants that are in receipt of a 'Passported Benefit' such as Income Support, Jobseeker's Allowance (Income Based) and Employment and Support Allowance (Income Related) receive maximum discount;
- e) All other discount levels are based on the applicant's (and partner's, where they have one) net income;
- f) The scheme allows for variation in household size with the levels of income per band increasing where an applicant has a partner, and / or dependants;
- g) Limiting the number of children used in the calculation of support to two for all working age applicants. This will bring the scheme in line with Universal Credit:
- h) Where an applicant had non-dependants living with them, no deduction shall be made from any entitlement. This is a significant change and means that the administration of the scheme will be more straightforward whilst also protecting low income families where adult sons and daughters for example remain at home;
- i) To remove Second Adult Rebate;
- j) To encourage work, a standard £25 per week disregard will be provided against all earnings for all applicant types. This will take the place of the current standard disregards and additional earnings disregards. Where a family also receives a child care disregard (for

be replaced by an equivale disregard of disability bene m) The total disregard on w will continue; n) The capital limit under the reduction from the current I level will not have any effect Tax Reduction; o) To remove the condition Council Tax Reduction; p) To remove extended pay q) To change the CTRS class Universal Credit; r) Make all changes in circus Council Tax Reduction on a based) weekly basis; s) Where a request is made requires the applicant to prove replace 'good cause' with a t) The scheme will have a round the remove the mew scheme, on all works. The impact assessment council tax reduction of a council tax reduction of a council tax reduction.	aiming process for all applicants who receive umstances which change any entitlement to a daily basis rather than the current (benefit e to backdate entitlement, the current scheme rove 'good cause'. The new scheme will a general discretion to backdate, and minimum award of £1.00 per week. In the cumulative effect of these changes, as wrking age applicants for a reduction in their council and is modelled on data from existing customers in
applicants.	g

		The principles on which the scheme is designed ensures that those with the least income and the least amount of savings (capital) are entitled to greater levels of discount. Working age applicants on 'passported benefits' will see their entitlement to discount protected at Band 1. Pension age applicants will not be affected because they are protected from any reduction in support as the level they receive is set by Central Government.
3	How does the activity or proposal contribute to: a) any key performance indicators? b) policies, values or objectives of Dartford Borough Council?	a) The Council monitors the Council Tax Support caseload and the percentage of Council Tax collected b) The Council Tax Reduction Scheme relates to the Corporate Plan 2021-23 theme of 'A Council Performing Strongly' which has a strategic aim to 'provide high quality services that reflect public aspirations and demonstrate improvement'. Under this theme, the strategic objectives are to 'deliver high quality services, offering value for money and demonstrating a culture of continuous improvement' and 'inform and consult residents and stakeholders about Council services'.
4	Which aspects of the activity or proposal are dictated by legislation/regulation and where do we have discretion in how they are delivered?	The Local Government Finance Act 2012 contains provisions to require local authorities to put in place their own localised council tax reduction scheme from April 2013. The Council has discretion in the ability to determine the level of support to working age applicants. The scheme for pension age applicants is determined by Central Government. In making local schemes, the Council must give consideration to the effects of the options on working age applicants, in particular vulnerable groups. In considering this, the Council has existing responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010, Disabled Persons (Services, Consultation and Representation) Act 1986 Housing Act 1996 (as amended) and the Welfare Reform Act 2016.
-	2: Information collection	.uk/about-the-council/information-and-data/facts-and-figures-about-Kent/equality-and-diversity-data
5	What do you know about the groups of people who will be affected? i.e. demographic information in relation to the protected	It is not required for council tax purposes to collate data relating to protected characteristics (other than disabled claimants and pensioners) and therefore only limited data is available. The current split between working age claimants and pensioner age

	characteristic groups (age, disability, pregnancy and maternity, religion or belief, race, sex, sexual orientation, gender reassignment)	claimants is 5,043 and 1,659 respectively
6	What consultation has taken place with affected groups? Please describe who was consulted and the key findings	In 2018 an on-line questionnaire was available on the Council's website over the eight week period. A letter was sent to all working-age claimants advising them of the web link and also giving them an option to request a hard copy of the questionnaire. Registered Social Landlords and third sector organisations were also advised of the consultation and encouraged to respond. Overall the responses were favourable to the changes proposed. In addition to a full public consultation, the Council also consulted with the major preceptors namely the Kent County Council, Kent Fire and Rescue Service and the Police and Crime Commissioner for Kent. The preceptors agreed with the changes proposed and are happy with the approach taken by the Council.
7	Are there any gaps in information? If so, what additional research and/or consultation is needed to ensure that affected groups needs and views are taken into account?	Some data is available on the protected characteristic groups. The changes proposed to the scheme would have no specific impact on the individual groups other than that for working age claimants generally.

Step 3: Assessing the equality impact

- 8 Consider whether the activity or proposal has or will have any positive or negative equality impacts on the protected characteristic groups in relation to the following aims of the General Equality Duty:
 - a) tackling unlawful discrimination
 - b) promoting equality of opportunity
 - c) promoting good relations

NOTES:

- The Initial Screening will have identified which aims of the Public Sector Equality Duty are relevant to the activity or proposal for consideration
- For existing activities, consider how they are working in practice for each relevant protected group
- For new proposals, consider whether there is anything that could give rise to positive and negative equality impacts for each relevant protected group
- If there is no identified equality impact, please tick the 'No Impact' box and explain why in question 9
- If the equality impact is unclear, please tick the 'Unknown' box and explain why in question 9

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а	Age	When the new scheme went to	When the new scheme went to	
		members in Oct 2018 the following	members in Oct 2018 the following	
		was provided:	was provided:	
		Pension age claimants will be	The number of applicants that are	
		protected from the changes.	currently entitled to a reduction in their	
			council tax that would not qualify for a	
		Currently 64% of applicants are on	discount under the new scheme are	
		'passported benefits' and under the	shown by age band below, with the	
		proposed new scheme will see their	current average amount they receive	
		entitlement to discount protected at	in council tax discount.	
		Band 1.	18-24: 2 applicants, average discount	
			£658.98	
		The data that follows evaluates the	25-34: 26 applicants, average	
		impact on the remaining 36% of	discount £445.93	
		current applicants that apply directly	35-44: 28 applicants, average	
		to the council for a discount in their	discount £469.54	
		council tax.	45-54: 14 applicants, average	
		ocurion tax.	discount £538.92	
		Under the current scheme the	55-65: 15 applicants, average	
		average council tax reduction	discount £794.61	
		payable by age band is shown	410004111 27 0 1.0 1	
		below:	In the 18-24 age group one applicant	
		18-24: £578.72	would not qualify for a discount as a	
		25-34: £648.10	direct result of their capital exceeding	
		35-44: £671.75	the proposed limit of £6,000 and one	
		45-54: £709.09	applicant would not qualify for a	
		55-65: £718.72	discount as a direct result of the	
		30-00. £1 10.12	removal of the second adult rebate.	
		Under the new scheme the average	removal of the scoolid addit repate.	
		council tax reduction payable by age	The majority of those in age groups	
		band, and the average change from	from 25 to 44 would not qualify for a	
		1 .	discount as a direct result of their	
		the existing scheme is estimated to		
		be:	income exceeding the levels set out	
		18-24: £659.58 (+ £80.86/year or	for Band 5 of the income grid model.	
		£1.56/week)	The manifest of the section of the	
		25-34: £639.69 (- £8.41/year or	The majority of those in age groups	

		£0.16/week 35-44: £670.59 (- £1.16/year or £0.02/week) 45-54: £753.45 (+ £44.36/year or £0.85/week) 55-65: £810.60 (+ £91.89/year or £1.77/week) The age of the claimant is not a material consideration in the calculation of council tax discount. The variation in the amounts payable is linked directly to individual circumstances rather than a particular feature or aspect of the scheme. For example a single female aged 25 with the same costs, income and capital as a single female applicant aged 57 would receive exactly the same level of discount. This would equally be the case if the applicants had children of the same age. All applicants will have access to the exceptional hardship policy should they experience exceptional financial hardship.	from 45 to 65 would not qualify for a discount as a direct result of their capital exceeding the proposed limit of £6,000. Certain applicants may experience a reduction in overall support (as with other working age claimants) due to the proposed changes to the scheme	
b	Disability	When the new scheme went to members in Oct 2018 the following was provided: Pension age claimants will be protected from the changes. Currently 64% of current applicants	When the new scheme went to members in Oct 2018 the following was provided: It is estimated that 13 applicants that are currently entitled to a reduction in their council tax would not qualify for a discount under the new scheme.	

		are on 'passported benefits' and under the proposed new scheme will see their entitlement to discount protected at Band 1. The data that follows evaluates the impact on the remaining 36% of current applicants that apply directly to the council for a discount in their council tax. Under the current scheme the average council tax reduction payable to those with a disability is £760.77 per year. Under the new scheme this would increase to £790.99 per year. This is an increase of £30.22 per year, the equivalent of £0.58 per week. Under the current scheme the average council tax reduction payable to those without a disability is £669.98 per year. Under the new scheme this would increase to £693.97 per year. This is an increase of £23.99 per year, the equivalent of £0.46 per week. All applicants will have access to the exceptional hardship policy should they experience exceptional financial hardship.	These claimants currently receive on average £836.25 in council tax discount. This is as a direct result of the proposal to reduce the capital limit to £6,000. Certain disabled applicants may experience a reduction in overall support (as with other working age claimants) due to the proposed changes to the scheme.	
С	Gender (including reassignment)	When the new scheme went to members in Oct 2018 the following was provided:	When the new scheme went to members in Oct 2018 the following was provided:	

Pension age claimants will be protected from the changes.

Currently 64% of current applicants are on 'passported benefits' and under the proposed new scheme will see their entitlement to discount protected at Band 1.

The data that follows evaluates the impact on the remaining 36% of current applicants that apply directly to the council for a discount in their council tax.

Under the current scheme the average council tax reduction payable to female applicants is £653.88 per year. Under the new scheme this would increase to £694.40 per year. This is an increase of £40.52 per year, the equivalent of £0.78 per week.

Under the current scheme the average council tax reduction payable males is £740.96 per year. Under the new scheme this would decrease to £721.25 per year. This is a decrease of £19.71 per year, the equivalent of £0.38 per week.

The proposals under the scheme would reduce the average existing variance between male and female claimants from £84.16 per year to

It is estimated that 58 female applicants currently entitled would not qualify for a discount under the new scheme. These claimants currently receive on average £504.64/year in council tax discount. This is as a direct result of their capital exceeding the proposed limit of £6,000, the removal of the second adult rebate or their income exceeding the levels set out for Band 5 of the income grid model.

It is estimated that 27 male applicants currently entitled would not qualify for a discount under the new scheme. These claimants currently receive on average £602.00 in council tax discount. This is as a direct result of their capital exceeding the proposed limit of £6,000 or their income exceeding the levels set out for Band 5 of the income grid model.

Certain applicants may experience a reduction in overall support (as with other working age claimants) due to the proposed changes to the scheme.

		£26.85 per year.		
		The sex of the claimant is not a material consideration in the calculation of council tax discount. The variation in the amounts payable is linked directly to individual circumstances rather than a particular feature or aspect of the scheme. For example a single male with the same costs, income and capital as a single female applicant would receive exactly the same level of discount. This would equally be the case if the applicants had children of the same age.		
d	Race	All applicants will have access to the exceptional hardship policy should they experience exceptional financial hardship	This information is not collected from claimants as it is not relevant to the calculation of council tax reduction. Same impact as that for working age claimants generally	
е	Religion/Belief	All applicants will have access to the exceptional hardship policy should they experience exceptional financial hardship	This information is not collected from claimants as it is not relevant to the calculation of council tax reduction. Same impact as that for working age claimants generally	
f	Sexual Orientation	All applicants will have access to the exceptional hardship policy should they experience exceptional financial hardship	This information is not collected from claimants as it is not relevant to the calculation of council tax reduction. Same impact as that for working age claimants generally	
g	Pregnancy/Maternity	All applicants will have access to the exceptional hardship policy should they experience exceptional financial hardship	This information is not collected from claimants as it is not relevant to the calculation of council tax reduction. Same impact as that for working age claimants generally	

9	If 'no impact' or 'unknown' was selected, please explain	There is no identified impact on the protected characteristic groups other than if they were of working age generally.
10	If Dartford Borough Council works with partners to deliver the activity or proposal, please describe any circumstances that could give rise to positive or negative	The Revenues and Benefits service is a shared partnership with Sevenoaks District Council.
11	Any other comments	Written into the scheme it states "The authority may increase the level of incomes within the grid on an annual basis by the appropriate level of inflation measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) at 1 st October preceding the effective financial year, rounded to the nearest pound". This is to ensure that the overall impact on all claimants is minimised whilst keeping the amount spent in line with the current scheme. The Council also makes available an Exceptional Hardship Policy which applicants can apply to should the new scheme impact them significantly. To ensure the scheme remains accessible to
		claimants who may no longer qualify as a result of capital, second adult rebate or income rules the Policy is proposed to be amended to include those that were in receipt of a reduction within the last six weeks.

Step 4: Action plan

- 11. Based on the information in Steps 1 to 3, please list the actions that will be taken to address:
- a) any gaps in information and consultation
- b) how any negative impacts on equality will be mitigated or eradicated
- a) If additional information and/or consultation is required or the impact is still unclear, what actions will you put in place to gather the information you need?

Information needs	Action	Intended outcome	Date for completion	How this will be monitored	Responsible officer

Identified impacts (and who is affected)	Action	Intended outcome	Date for completion	How this will be monitored	Responsible officer
Potential financial impact	Encourage applications for the exceptional hardship scheme	To provide additional support to any claimants suffering exceptional hardship as a result of the changes	31 December 2024	Use of the exceptional hardship scheme will be monitored by officers	Sarah Martin Chief Officer & Director of Corporate Services

Step 5: Decision making and future monitoring		
13	Which decision making process does this Customer Access Review need to go through? i.e. who does this need to be approved by?	Chief Officer & Director of Corporate Services Cabinet will be asked to consider this Customer Access Review assessment alongside the Local Scheme of Support for Council Tax report on 5 December. This will then go to the General Assembly of the Council on 9 December 2023.
14	How will you continue to monitor the impact of the activity or proposal on the equality groups?	Annual review of scheme and impact
15	When will you review this Customer Access Review?	On an annual basis
Step 6: Final steps		
16	Once this Customer Access Review has been approved, send this assessment to the Policy & Projects Officer	
17	If the subject of the Customer Access Review is going to committee, summarise your findings in the committee report	

Reviewed by Legal Services: Paul Gordon

Signed: Sarah Martin